NEWPORT MERCURY.

Published for ANN BARBER, opposite the BRICK-MARKET.

2 Dolls. per Ann.] SATURDAY, JULY 5, 1806. [*No.* 2308.

NEW AND INTERESTING PUBLICATIONS.

JUST RECEIVED,

From New-York, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, No. 1, Long Wharf,

THE LIFE AND NAVAL EXPLOITS OF ADMIRAL LORD NELSON,

With Observations Critical and Explanatory.

By JOHN CHARNOCK, F. S. A.

Author of Biographia Navalis, and the History of Marine Architecture, &c (published in London in March last, and just re-republished in New-York) one volume octavo, containing 350 pages, and ornamented with a correct and finely engraved Likeness of Lord NELSON.

THE present is the first Biography of this celebrated character, which can be considered in any other light than that of a faint general outline. These memoirs gratify the various expectations of Curiosity by a detail of various interesting particulars hitherto unknown. The author was intimately acquainted with the hero of the Nile, whose character we more admire the more closely we inspect it. Unlike the generality of great men, who appear to most advantage at a distance, he rises in our estimation in proportion to the nearness of approach. His public services were rivalled by his private virtues—both his services and his virtues derived new lustre from his dignified and uncommon modesty.

The Biography of this extraordinary man—a man such as the world can seldom boast, must be productive of the highest interest to those who glow with enthusiasm at the recital of heroic actions—and will be the constant companion of those seamen who aspire to glory and eminence in their profession.

COURT OF ST. CLOUD.

Just Received, from Philadelphia, and for Sale as above,

The Secret History of the COURT and CABINET of ST. CLOUD, in a series of Letters from a resident in Paris, to a Nobleman in London, written during the months of August, September and October, 1805. An immense number of this work has been sold in London since its publication in February last, and will prove highly interesting and eminently useful to all those who peruse it in America. The publisher could have wished to suppress many paragraphs which appeared illiberal, but this would be an act of injustice to the American reader, besides the good sense of the citizens of the United States, rendered it unnecessary, they will doubtless be anxious to peruse the production entire and original, which in England is considered one of the most interesting, that has ever appeared. The author appears to be on an intimate footing at the Thuilleries, many of his observations will serve to corroborate the sentiments expressed by the Hon. *John Randolph*, (on Mr. Gregg's Resolutions) in regard to our differences with Spain, and the light in which the United States are viewed by the Emperor Napoleon. The anxiety expressed by the gentlemen in Philadelphia, for the immediate appearance of this volume, caused it to be put into the hands of several Printers, who completed it in 15 days.

Just Received,

And for Sale as above,

A superb set of the Works of Sir WILLIAM JONES, including the whole of his Asiatic Researches, embellished with a great number of elegant engravings—8 vols. large quarto, elegantly bound, calf, gilt, price 110 Dollars.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

SMITH & WARDWELL,

Of Dighton,

A NEW HULL of a Ship, of about 190 Tons burthen, with two decks.—Also a Brig of about 143 Tons burthen.—For terms, which will be liberal, apply to Messrs. *Bowen & Ennis*, merchants, Newport, or to the subscribers at Dighton.

SMITH & WARDWELL.

June 27, 1806.

THE Stockholders of the Newport Insurance Company are hereby notified, that a general meeting of the Corporation will be holden at their office, in Newport, on Friday the 11th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the morning; for taking into consideration the general state of the affairs of the Company.

By order of the President & Directors.

J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 25, 1806

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, having been appointed administratrix of the estate of her late husband, *Parker Shearman*, late of Newport deceased, and having given bonds accordingly, notifies all those that have any demands upon said estate, to present the same for settlement; and those that are indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

LYDIA SHEARMAN, *Adm'x.*

Newport, June 25, 1806.

TO BE LET,

THE large, new, well-finished Store, NO 141, Thames-street, at the corner of Mary-street, by the subscriber.—Who has on hand, at the sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, and will dispose of, Wholesale or Retail, at the most reduced prices for cash, a general assortment of staple and fashionable GOODS—thanks his friends and old customers for past favors, and flatters himself with a continuance.

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

JAMES PERRY

HAS FOR SALE,

ONE Hundred Hogsheads of good Retailing Molasses.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO Wench, who is capable of all Kinds of Family Business.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

June 2—, 1806.

THE Creditors of *John Bours* jun. of Newport, in the county of Newport merchant, are hereby notified to appear, if they see fit, at the General Assembly, to be holden at Providence on the last Monday of October next; to shew cause, if any they have, why the prayer of his petition for the benefit of the act made and passed, A. D. 1756, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, should not be granted.

THO. PECKHAM, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 26, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A CONVENIENT Tan-Yard, Bark-House, and Currier's Shop, with a sett of Tools.—Apply to

WALTER CORNELL,
NO. 106, Thames-street.

Newport, 27th of the 6th Mon. 1806.

A NEW STORE.

SALLY M. SMITH & CO.

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT they have opened a new and fashionable assortment of English, India, and French GOODS—in the store lately improved by Mr. *Stephen T. Northam*, NO. 102, Thames-street.—The Goods were purchased for cash, and will be sold at a very small advance—They flatter themselves that the prices and qualities of their Goods, together with the attendance given, will excite public attention, and merit their favours.

Newport, May 16, 1806.

THE Creditors of *Shearjashub Bourne*, of Bristol, in the county of Bristol, Esq. an insolvent debtor, are hereby notified, that they bring in and prove their demands within Nine months from the date hereof, before us the subscribers, who are appointed assignees to said insolvent's estate.—That four meetings will be held for that purpose on the first Wednesday of July, the second Wednesday of September, the first Wednesday of November, and the third Wednesday of January next, at the dwelling-house of said *Shearjashub Bourne*, in said Bristol.—Those who shall neglect to comply with this notice, will be forecloſed by the act, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors."

RICHARD SMITH, jun.
PARKER BORDEN,
BILLINGS WALDRON, } *Assignees.*

Bristol, April 21, 1806.

WE the subscribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton appointed commissioners, to receive, examine and adjust, the claims of the several creditors to the estate of CHRISTOPHER WARDWELL, late of Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; do hereby give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the said estate, to bring in and prove their respective claims: that we will attend at our respective dwelling houses, at any time within that period, for that purpose.

RICHARD DURFEE,
JOHN BOWEN, } *Com's.*

And all persons indebted to said estate, are requir—to make immediate payment to

ABIGAIL WARDWELL, *Adm'x.*

Tiverton, June 9 1806.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

PIPES of Brandy.
Do. Gin.
St. Croix Rum per hogshead.
Sugar in barrels and boxes.
Molasses by the hogshead.
500 bushels of Turks-Island Salt.
Flour per barrel.
80 barrels of NO. 2 Beef.

JAMES MUMFORD,

Has just Received, and for Sale, at his Store, No. 88, Thames-Street, a general and extensive Assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are,

SUPERFINE, fine, and middling Broadcloths; double-milled black Cassimeres; Calimanco; Durants; Russells; white silk Hose; white and coloured Cambric; black Morocco Shoes; fine Tapes; Bobbins; Fans; black Bombazett; Boglapore; Furniture Chintz; Chambray Muslins; silk Shawls; Leno do.; Long Lawn; India shear Muslin; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; shirt Buttons; Linen; black Crape; Lace-Muslin; fashionable Calicoes; plain and plaid Lutestring; black and blue Rattinet; Ribbons assorted; brown Linen; India Cottons very nice; handsome Marseilles Quilting for vests; cotton Cassimeres; blue and yellow Nankeens; white and black Lace; English and French Gloves; Glove Ties; Dimities; linen Cambrics; sewing Cotton; gentlemen's best beaver Gloves; Suspenders; piquet and Leno Muslin; Sarcenets; Tortoiseshell Combs; also Table-Carpeting—All which are offered for sale at the most reasonable prices, and as low as at any store in the state.

N. B. All those that are indebted to him, more than three months, are desired to call and settle their accounts.

Newport, June 13, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

CHARLES C. HOSKINS & CO.

At their STORE, No. 112 & 115, Thames-Street,

TWENTY Barrels of superfine and fine Flour.
Half Barrels Do.
7 Tons Hemp.
Russia and Ravens Duck.
Russia Sheeting.
Sheet Lead.
4 and 6 lb. Iron Shot.
Seine and sewing Twine.
Nails; Brads; and Tacks.
Bunting; red, white and blue.
Ship-Chandlery; Crockery and Glass Ware.

Also a general assortment of West-India Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

N. B. Just received and for sale as above, 9 pipes 4th and 2d proof Old Cognac Brandy; boxes Bourdeaux Claret, of two dozen bottles each, of a superior quality.

Newport, April 18, 1806.

BOWEN & ENNIS

Offer for Sale,

At their Store on Stevens's Wharf,

JAMAICA and Windward-Island Rum, by the hogshead or barrel
Molasses by do. do.
Holland Gin by pipe or barrel
Brown Sugar by hogshead, barrel or box
Loaf-Sugar
Coffee by the bag
French Brandy by the barrel
Superfine Flour by do.
Philadelphia and Swedes Iron, flat and square bars
Russia and Ravens Duck
Sewing Twine
Rice by the cask
Madeira Wine by the pipe, half pipe, or quarter-cask
Cabooses, Anchors, Ash Oars, Rosin, Tar and Turpentine
Cedar Shingles
White and black Oak hogshead Staves
1400 Wt. Soal-Leather
About 4000 bushels Bonavista Salt, and
A small assortment of Ship-Chandlery, and Groceries, at retail as usual.

Newport, May 9, 1806.

PALMER & COE,

CABINET-MAKERS, No. 18, Long-Wharf,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public,

THAT they have on Hand, a variety of Cabinet-Furniture of the newest fashions, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.—They return their grateful acknowledgments to those who have been pleased to favour them with their custom, and solicit a continuance of their favours.

Newport, March 7, 1806.

WILLIAM MOORE, jun.

Respectfully informs the Public,

HE has taken his Brother, HENRY MOORE, into Co-Partnership with him.—The business will in future be conducted by them, under the firm of WM. & H. MOORE.—They have just opened for Sale, at Store NO 99, Thames street, a large and valuable assortment of English, India, Scotch and French staple and Fancy GOODS.—Also at Store NO. 5, Market-square, a great variety of Groceries, ship Chandlery, Glass, Crockery and Hard-Ware.—All which are now offered, Wholesale and Retail, at such reduced prices, that they flatter themselves will be to the entire satisfaction of all, who will please to honor them with their commands; and every favor will be gratefully acknowledged, by the public's obedient servants,

WM. and H. MOORE.

Newport, May 16 1806.

JOB SHEARMAN,

HAS just Received an extensive and well-chosen Assortment of English, India and French GOODS, suitable for the present season.—Also men's beaver, thread and cotton Gloves.—Manufactory and cotton Stripes, Bed-Ticks and Yarn, as usual.

He has just received a consignment of one Bale Ticklenburgs, suitable for light Sails, or Bed-Sacking, &c. which he will sell very low, by the piece or less quantity.

Newport, 5th mo. 23d 1806.

From a late LONDON PAPER.

A brief account of the life and literary character of

ARTHUR MURPHY.

ON Tuesday at Knightsbridge, in the 78th year of his age, died *Arthur Murphy*, a gentleman who has long held a distinguished place in the literary world, and as an author, particularly as a dramatist, has shown with no common lustre. Mr. Murphy was the last of that famous Literary Club, which was established by Dr. Johnston, at the Turk's head, in the strand, near fifty years ago; he was the school-fellow, and friend to Burk, through life, and intimately connected with that brilliant society of wits and writers, who upon the accession of his present Majesty, were in the zenith of their reputation. Mr. Murphy was of Irish extraction, and educated at St. Omer's, where he distinguished himself as an elegant Latin Scholar. In the year 1746 he came to England, and finding his circumstances not very affluent, he engaged as a clerk in a mercantile house; but disliking the drudgery of book-keeping, he quitted his situation, and took chambers in the Temple, where he commenced the study of the law. Finding that his profession was not the perfect *Cornucopia*, or immediately crowned with honors and rewards, he applied himself to the Press, and projected and began a periodical paper, under the title of *The Gray's Inn Journal*, at the time that Johnson's *Rambler* was publishing. It was superficial and juvenile, and did not much succeed, but it produced for the author an acquaintance with Johnson, by a very singular occurrence.

Murphy was one day in the country with his friend Foote, when suddenly starting up after dinner, he said that he must leave him, in order to furnish for his printer a number of the Gray's Inn Journal. Foot told him he might shorten his labour, "for there is," said he, "a very pretty Oriental tale in a French magazine, which I have in my pocket; suppose you translate it; you are the first, and it will do your work no discredit."—Murphy gladly acquiesced, and the translation was dispatched to London and printed. But what was his surprize, upon his arrival in town, to find that this same Oriental tale, translated from the French, had its original in a number of the Rambler, that he had been translating from a translation, and committing a piracy upon Johnson. Nothing remained but an apology, to which, from the character of Johnson, Murphy was somewhat averse; however, he called upon him, explained the circumstances of the mistake, and was received with the greatest good humour. This introduction laid the basis of a friendship which subsisted to the Doctor's death, and Murphy found means to requite the obligation by introducing Johnson, some years after, to the family of the Thrales, to whom he was so equally indebted for the comforts of the latter part of his life.

A few years elapsed, Murphy appeared as a writer for the stage; his first piece was The Apprentice, to which Garrick contributed an admirable prologue, which is now always spoken before this farce; it was deservedly successful, and has an originality and invention which never after appeared in any other of Murphy's work.

His *Upholsterer*, built upon a number of the Tatler, was his next, which is likewise a valuable stock piece. The year 1760 was remarkable for the appearance of three of the most distinguished dramatic writers on the stage; COLMAN's *Jealous Wife*, and MURPHY's *Way to Keep Him* were produced this year. *The Way to Keep Him* was very successful, chiefly by the excellence of its moral, and the purity of the dialogue; for the characters are not very strong or comprehensive, and the wit and humor but thinly scattered. From this period, he almost annually contributed to the stage. His *All in the Wrong*, his *Orphan of China*, his *Grecian Daughter*, *Know your own Mind*, *Citizen*, *Old Maid*, &c. &c. appeared at distant intervals. By the *Grecian Daughter*, his most successful piece, he cleared upwards of a thousand pounds. It should not be omitted that Mr. MURPHY once attempted the part of OTHELLO on the stage, and failed.—CHURCHILL's severe lines upon him are well known:

——Who but remembers—sure all must,
When in the Moor, he champ'd his teeth to dust;
When o'er the stage, he folly's standard bore,
And common sense stood trembling at the door.

In one part of his life, Murphy engaged as a public writer, in defence of Lord North, he produced *the Test* and *the Auditor*, which, with the usual uncertainty of existence some

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THE preſent is the firſt Biography of this celebrated character, which can be conſidered in any other light than that of a faint general outline. Theſe memoirs gratify the various expectations of Curioſity by a detail of various intereſting particulars hitherto unknown. The author was intimately acquainted with the hero of the Nile, whoſe character we more admire the more cloſely we inſpect it. Unlike the generality of great men, who appear to moſt advantage at a diſtance, he riſes in our eſtimation in proportion to the nearneſs of approach. His public ſervices were rivalled by his private virtues—both his ſervices and his virtues derived new luſtre from his dignified and uncommon modeſty.

The Biography of this extraordinary man—a man ſuch as the world can ſeldom boaſt, muſt be productive of the higheſt intereſt to thoſe who glow with enthuſiaſm at the recital of heroic actions—and will be the conſtant companion of thoſe ſeamen who aſpire to glory and eminence in their profeſſion.

COURT OF ST. CLOUD.

Juſt Received, from Philadelphia, and for Sale as above,

The Secret Hiſtory of the COURT and CABINET of ST. CLOUD, in a ſeries of Letters from a reſident in Paris, to a Nobleman in London, written during the months of Auguſt, September and October, 1805. An immenſe number of this work has been ſold in London ſince its publication in February laſt, and will prove highly intereſting and eminently uſeful to all thoſe who peruſe it in America. The publiſher could have wiſhed to ſuppreſs many paragraphs which appeared illiberal, but this would be an act of injuſtice to the American reader, beſides the good ſenſe of the citizens of the United States, rendered it unneceſſary, they will doubtleſs be anxious to peruſe the production entire and original, which in England is conſidered one of the moſt intereſting, that has ever appeared. The author appears to be on an intimate footing at the Thuilleries, many of his obſervations will ſerve to corroborate the ſentiments expreſſed by the Hon. *John Randolph*, (on Mr. Gregg's Reſolutions) in regard to our differences with Spain, and the light in which the United States are viewed by the Emperor Napoleon. The anxiety expreſſed by the gentlemen in Philadelphia, for the immediate appearance of this volume, cauſed it to be put into the hands of ſeveral Printers, who completed it in 15 days.

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And for Sale as above,

A ſuperb ſet of the Works of Sir WILLIAM JONES, including the whole of his Aſiatic Reſearches, embelliſhed with a great number of elegant engravings—8 vols. large quarto, elegantly bound, calf, gilt, price 110 Dollars.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

SMITH & WARDWELL,

Of Digbton,

A NEW HULL of a Ship, of about 190 Tons burthen, with two decks.—Alſo a Brig of about 143 Tons burthen.—For terms, which will be liberal, apply to Meſſrs. *Bowen & Ennis*, merchants, Newport, or to the ſubſcribers at Dighton.

SMITH & WARDWELL.

June 27, 1806.

THE Stockholders of the Newport Inſurance Company are hereby notified, that a general meeting of the Corporation will be holden at their office, in Newport, on Friday the 11th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the morning; for taking into conſideration the general ſtate of the affairs of the Company.

By order of the President & Directors.

J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 25, 1806

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber, having been appointed adminiſtratrix of the eſtate of her late huſband, *Pardon Shearman*, late of Newport deceaſed, and having given bonds accordingly, notifies all thoſe that have any demands upon ſaid eſtate, to preſent the ſame for ſettlement; and thoſe that are indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to

LYDIA SHEARMAN, *Adm'x.*

Newport, June 27, 1806.

TO BE LET,

THE large, new, well-finiſhed Store, NO 141, Thames-ſtreet, at the corner of Mary-ſtreet, by the ſubſcriber.—Who has on hand, at the ſign of the GOLDEN EAGLE, and will diſpoſe of, Wholeſale or Retail, at the moſt reduced prices for caſh, a general aſſortment of ſtaple and faſhionable GOODS—thanks his friends and old cuſtomers for paſt favors, and flatters himſelf with a continuance.

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

JAMES PERRY

HAS FOR SALE,

ONE Hundred Hogſheads of good Retailing Molaſſes.

Newport, June 27, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGRO Wench, who is capable of all Kinds of Family Buſineſs.—Enquire at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

June 2d, 1806.

THE Creditors of *John Bours* jun. of Newport, in the county of Newport merchant, are hereby notified to appear, if they ſee fit, at the General Aſſembly, to be holden at Providence on the laſt Monday of October next; to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the prayer of his petition for the benefit of the act made and paſſed, A. D. 1756, for the relief of Inſolvent Debtors, ſhould not be granted.

THO. PECKHAM, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

Newport, June 26, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

A CONVENIENT Tan-Yard, Bark-Houſe, and Currier's Shop, with a ſett of Tools.—Apply to

WALTER CORNELL,

NO. 106, Thames-ſtreet.

Newport, 27th of the 6th Mon. 1806.

A NEW STORE.

SALLY M. SMITH & CO.

Reſpectfully informs the Public,

THAT they have opened a new and faſhionable aſſortment of Engliſh, India, and French GOODS—in the ſtore lately improved by Mr. *Stephen T. Northam*, NO. 102, Thames-ſtreet.—The Goods were purchaſed for caſh, and will be ſold at a very ſmall advance—They flatter themſelves that the prices and qualities of their Goods, together with the attendance given, will excite public attention, and merit their favours.

Newport, May 16, 1806.

THE Creditors of *Shearjasbub Bourne*, of Briſtol, in the county of Briſtol, Eſq. an inſolvent debtor, are hereby notified, that they bring in and prove their demands within Nine months from the date hereof, before us the ſubſcribers, who are appointed aſſignees to ſaid inſolvent's eſtate.—That four meetings will be held for that purpoſe on the firſt Wedneſday of July, the ſecond Wedneſday of September, the firſt Wedneſday of November, and the third Wedneſday of January next, at the dwelling-houſe of ſaid *Shearjasbub Bourne*, in ſaid Briſtol.—Thoſe who ſhall neglect to comply with this notice, will be foreclоſed by the act, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors."

RICHARD SMITH, jun.
PARKER BORDEN,
BILLINGS WALDRON, } *Aſſignees.*

Briſtol, April 21, 1806.

WE the ſubſcribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Tiverton appointed commiſſioners, to receive, examine and adjuſt, the claims of the ſeveral creditors to the eſtate of CHRISTOPHER WARDWELL, late of Tiverton, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; do hereby give notice, that ſix months from the date hereof are allowed to the creditors of the ſaid eſtate, to bring in and prove their reſpective claims: that we will attend at our reſpective dwelling houſes, at any time within that period, for that purpoſe.

RICHARD DURFEE,
JOHN BOWEN, } *Com'rs.*

And all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requir'd to make immediate payment to

ABIGAIL WARDWELL, *Adm'x.*

Tiverton, June 9 1806.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

PIPES of Brandy.
Do. Gin.
St. Croix Rum per hogſhead.
Sugar in barrels and boxes.
Molaſſes by the hogſhead.
500 buſhels of Turks-Iſland Salt.
Flour per barrel.
80 barrels of NO. 2 Beef.

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SUPERFINE, fine, and middling Broadcloths; double-milled black Caſſimeres; Calimanco; Durants; Ruſſells; white ſilk Hoſe; white and coloured Cambric; black Morocco Shoes; fine Tapes; Bobbins; Fans; black Bombazett; Boglapore; Furniture Chintz; Chambray Muſlins; ſilk Shawls; Leno do.; Long Lawn; India ſhear Muſlin; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; ſhirt Buttons; Linen; black Crape; Lace-Muſlin; faſhionable Calicoes; plain and plaid Luteſtring; black and blue Rattinet; Ribbons aſſorted; brown Linen; India Cottons very nice; handſome Marſeilles Quilting for veſts; cotton Caſſimeres; blue and yellow Nankeens; white and black Lace; Engliſh and French Gloves; Glove Ties; Dimities; linen Cambrics; ſewing Cotton; gentlemen's beſt beaver Gloves; Suſpenders; piquet and Leno Muſlin; Sarcenets; Tortoiſeſhell Combs; alſo Table-Carpeting—All which are offered for ſale at the moſt reaſonable prices, and as low as at any ſtore in the ſtate.

N. B. All thoſe that are indebted to him, more than three months, are deſired to call and ſettle their accounts.

Newport, June 13, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

CHARLES C. HOSKINS & CO.

At their STORE, No. 112 & 115, *Thames-Street,*

TWENTY Barrels of ſuperfine and fine Flour.
Half Barrels Do.
7 Tons Hemp.
Ruſſia and Ravens Duck.
Ruſſia Sheeting.
Sheet Lead.
4 and 6 lb. Iron Shot.
Seine and ſewing Twine.
Nails; Brads; and Tacks.
Bunting; red, white and blue.
Ship-Chandlery; Crockery and Glaſs Ware.

Alſo a general aſſortment of Weſt-India Goods, Wholeſale and Retail.

N. B. Juſt received and for ſale as above, 9 pipes 4th and 2d proof Old Cognac Brandy; boxes Bourdeaux Claret, of two dozen bottles each, of a ſuperior quality.

Newport, April 18, 1806.

BOWEN & ENNIS

Offer for Sale,

At their Store on Stevens's Wharf,

JAMAICA and Windward-Iſland Rum, by the hogſhead or barrel
Molaſſes by do. do.
Holland Gin by pipe or barrel
Brown Sugar by hogſhead, barrel or box
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Coffee by the bag
French Brandy by the barrel
Superfine Flour by do.
Philadelphia and Swedes Iron, flat and ſquare bars
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Caboofes, Anchors, Aſh Oars, Roſin, Tar and Turpentine
Cedar Shingles
White and black Oak hogſhead Staves
1400 Wt. Soal-Leather
About 4000 buſhels Bonaviſta Salt, and
A ſmall aſſortment of Ship-Chandlery, and Groceries, at retail as uſual.

Newport, May 9, 1806.

PALMER & COE,

CABINET-MAKERS, No. 18, *Long-Wharf,*

Reſpectfully inform their friends and the public,

THAT they have on Hand, a variety of Cabinet-Furniture of the neweſt faſhions, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms.—They return their grateful acknowledgments to thoſe who have been pleaſed to favour them with their cuſtom, and ſolicit a continuance of their favours.

Newport, March 7, 1806.

WILLIAM MOORE, jun.

Reſpectfully informs the Public,

HE has taken his Brother, HENRY MOORE, into Co-Partnerſhip with him.—The buſineſs will in future be conducted by them, under the firm of WM. & H. MOORE.—They have juſt opened for Sale, at ſtore NO 99, Thames-ſtreet, a large and valuable aſſortment of Engliſh, India, Scotch and French ſtaple and Fancy GOODS.—Alſo at ſtore NO. 5, Market-ſquare, a great variety of Groceries, ſhip Chandlery, Glaſs, Crockery and Hard-Ware.—All which are now offered, Wholeſale and Retail, at ſuch reduced prices, that they flatter themſelves will be to the entire ſatisfaction of all, who will pleaſe to honor them with their commands: and every favor will be gratefully acknowledged, by the public's obedient ſervants

WM. and H. MOORE.

Newport, May 16 1806.

JOB SHEARMAN,

HAS juſt Received an extenſive and well-choſen Aſſortment of Engliſh, India and French GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent ſeaſon.—Alſo men's beaver, thread and cotton Gloves.—Manufactory and cotton Stripes, Bed-Ticks and Yarn, as uſual.

He has juſt received a conſignment of one Bale Picklingburgs, ſuitable for light Sails, or Bed-Sackings, &c. which he will ſell very low, by the piece or leſs quantity.

Newport, 5th mo. 23d 1806.

From a late LONDON PAPER.

A brief account of the life and literary character of

ARTHUR MURPHY.

ON Tueſday at Knightſbridge, in the 78th year of his age, died *Arthur Murphy*, a gentleman who has long held a diſtinguiſhed place in the literary world, and as an author, particularly as a dramatiſt, has ſhown with no common luſtre. Mr. Murphy was the laſt of that famous Literary Club, which was eſtabliſhed by Dr. Johnſton, at the Turk's head, in the ſtrand, near fifty years ago; he was the ſchool-fellow, and friend to Burk, through life, and intimately connected with that brilliant ſociety of wits and writers, who upon the acceſſion of his preſent Majeſty, were in the zenith of their reputation. Mr. Murphy was of Iriſh extraction, and educated at St. Omer's, where he diſtinguiſhed himſelf as an elegant Latin Scholar. In the year 1746 he came to England, and finding his circumſtances not very affluent, he engaged as a clerk in a mercantile houſe; but diſliking the drudgery of book-keeping, he quitted his ſituation, and took chambers in the Temple, where he commenced the ſtudy of the law. Finding that his profeſſion was not the perfect *Cornucopia*, or immediately crowned with honors and rewards, he applied himſelf to the Preſs, and projected and began a periodical paper, under the title of *The Gray's Inn Journal*, at the time that Johnſon's *Rambler* was publiſhing. It was ſuperficial and juvenile, and did not much ſucceed, but it produced for the author an acquaintance with Johnſon, by a very ſingular occurrence.

Murphy was one day in the country with his friend Foote, when ſuddenly ſtarting up after dinner, he ſaid that he muſt leave him, in order to furniſh for his printer a number of the Gray's Inn Journal. Foot told him he might ſhorten his labour, "for there is," ſaid he, "a very pretty Oriental tale in a French magazine, which I have in my pocket; ſuppoſe you tranſlate it; you are the firſt, and it will do your work no diſcredit."—Murphy gladly acquieſced, and the tranſlation was diſpatched to London and printed. But what was his ſurprize, upon his arrival in town, to find that this ſame Oriental tale, tranſlated from the French, had its original in a number of the Rambler, that he had been tranſlating from a tranſlation, and committing a piracy upon Johnſon. Nothing remained but an apology, to which, from the character of Johnſon, Murphy was ſomewhat averſe; however, he called upon him, explained the circumſtances of the miſtake, and was received with the greateſt good humour. This introduction laid the baſis of a friendſhip which ſubſiſted to the Doctor's death, and Murphy found means to requite the obligation by introducing Johnſon, ſome years after, to the family of the Thrales, to whom he was ſo ſignally indebted for the comforts of the latter part of his life.

A few years elapſed, Murphy appeared as a writer for the ſtage; his firſt piece was The Apprentice, to which Garrick contributed an admirable prologue, which is now always ſpoken before this farce; it was deſervedly ſucceſsful, and has an originality and invention which never after appeared in any other of Murphy's work.

His *Upholsterer*, built upon a number of the Tatler, was his next, which is likewiſe a valuable ſtock piece. The year 1760 was remarkable for the appearance of three of the moſt diſtinguiſhed dramatic writers on the ſtage; COLMAN's *Jealous Wife*, and MURPHY's *Way to Keep Him*, were produced this year. *The Way to Keep Him* was very ſucceſsful, chiefly by the excellence of its moral, and the purity of the dialogue; for the characters are not very ſtrong or comprehenſive, and the wit and humor but thinly ſcattered. From this period, he almoſt annually contributed to the ſtage. His *All in the Wrong*, his *Orphan of China*, his *Grecian Daughter*, *Know your own Mind*, *Citizen*, *Old Maid*, &c. &c. appeared at diſtant intervals. By the *Grecian Daughter*, his moſt ſucceſsful piece, he cleared upwards of a thouſand pounds. It ſhould not be omitted that Mr. MURPHY once attempted the part of OTHELLO on the ſtage, and failed.—CHURCHILL's ſevere lines upon him are well known:

——Who but remembers—ſure all muſt,
When in the Moor, *he champ'd his teeth to duſt;*
When o'er the ſtage, he folly's ſtandard bore,
And common ſenſe ſtood trembling at the door.

In one part of his life, Murphy engaged as a public writer, in defence of Lord North, he produced *the Test* and *the Auditor*, which, with the uſual uncertainty of exiſtence com-

from to political writings, have long gone to the tomb of the capulets.

Upon his attempt to be called to the Bar, Mr. Murphy was rejected by the Societies of the Temple and Gray's Inn, upon the plea that he had been upon the ſtage; in Lincoln's Inn, however, to the honor of the members, this illiberal objection was not ſuffered to prevail, and Mr. Murphy was not only called to the Bar, but was long a *Bencher* of the Society. As a lawyer he did not ſignalize himſelf; he frequented the Norfolk Circuit, but obtained little buſineſs, and yet leſs in the Courts of Weſtminſter. Upon the great queſtion of literary property, he raiſed ſome expectations by an able ſpeech as Counſel before Parliament, but his career was obſtructed by a variety of cauſes, and he ſoon quitted the Bar. Upon a renunciation of his profeſſion he was appointed a Commiſſioner of Bankrupts, and held the office till his death. Mr. Addington procured him a penſion of 200*l.* per annum, and the produce of his works contributed to the comforts of his old age.

Beſides his dramatic pieces, Murphy obtained 600*l.* from the Bookſellers for an edition of Johnſon's works, with his life; and 400*l.* for the life of Fielding, and an edition of his works, with notes. His tranſlation of Tacitus was his greateſt production; the ſcholars object to it as too paraphraſtic, and as wanting the cloſeneſs and ſimplicity of Gordon's tranſlation; but it is deſervedly prized by the general reader, and is a good *trade*-book. This work was dedicated to Burke, a circumſtance very honorable to Murphy, for he was told that the dedication was deſired by a nobleman, who might have compenſated the favor in a very magnificent manner—Before his death, Murphy corrected an octavo edition of Tacitus. His laſt work was the life of Garrick, and affords ſtrong proof of a decrepid genius; it contained little but trite relations, thread-bare criticiſms upon old plays, and reiteration of exhauſted anecdotes. It was much inferior to honeſt Tom Davies' life of Garrick, and, notwithſtanding the weight of Murphy's name, has not ſuperſeded it in the public opinion.

The general character of Murphy's genius was elegance and ſuperficiality; the plots of his plays, except the Apprentice and Grecian Daughter, were all borrowed; he was a moſt intrepid plagiariſt, and in ſome reſpects, a diſingenuous one. His poetry, for he was a verſe maker, was terribly mediocre; but his proſe was poliſhed and pure. He will not remain as an Engliſh Claſſic, though his pieces are likely to keep poſſeſſion of the ſtage.—He had been a gay and free liver in the early part of his life, and had no particular meaſure of ſerioufneſs at its cloſe; but he was eſteemed as an honeſt, good man, and will be lamented by a large circle of his acquaintance.

From the LONDON COURIER *of May* 6, 1806.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

WE cannot avoid congratulating our countrymen on the late intelligence which announced the happy tidings of theſe ſettlements being again in our poſſeſſion.—A late judicious traveller hath delivered a decided opinion reſpecting their value, and after deſcribing the Chriſtian ſettlement which run ſouthward of the Cape, as far as the Fiſh river, and the delightful country of Caffraria, which ſkirts the eaſtern coaſt for more than ſeven hundred miles, he does not heſitate to pronounce them the fineſt countries in the world, and may be rendered of more real importance to Great Britain than all her Oriental and Weſtern dominions put together. This opinion was fully ſubſtantiated when Lord Malmeſbury, early in the year 1798, went to Paris as Plenipotentiary on the part of England, to negociate peace with the then government of France. When his Lordſhip came to diſcuſs that part of his miſſion which reſpected the Cape of Good Hope (then in our poſſeſſion,) he ſtrenuouſly inſiſted on this ſettlement being ceded to the crown of England. De la Croix, who acted in a ſimilar character on the part of the French Republic, as ſtrongly inſiſted on its being reſtored to the Dutch; and in giving his reaſons for making this requiſition a cardinal point in the negotiation, diſcovered a very competent knowledge of the ſubject.—He very ſagaciouſly obſerved, that the Cape in the hands of the Dutch, could be of very little uſe except furniſhing a convenient place for ſhipping to touch at on their voyage to the Eaſt Indies; but in the hands of the Engliſh (ſaid De la Croix) the ſouthern territory of Africa would be coloniſed, and new ſources of commerce in all probability ariſe, the advantages of which are incalculable.

He demonſtrated what the active genius of the Engliſh, moving on ſo great a ſcale, would produce, and how the preſent trade of the European nations would be injured by opening to Great Britain ſuch a new and fertile ſource for commercial adventure.

The Frenchman was certainly correct in his predictions and delineations. Formerly the people of England conſidered the Cape as an *half way houſe* to their ſettlements in the Eaſt Indies, and appreciated its value in proportion to the accommodation which was given to their ſhipping: but they ſhould underſtand, that although the Cape muſt be of conſiderable benefit to our Aſiatic commerce, as a place of refreſhment and ſupply, ſtill this advantage bears no proportion to thoſe which may be derived from the ſettlement and cultivation of the interior. If on the map a direct line be drawn from Cape Aguthas, which is the ſouthern extreme of Africa, about N. N. E. as far as 25 degrees ſouth, which takes in Delagoa Bay on the eaſt coaſt, and that part of the weſt which at preſent is but little frequented, it will be perceived that a ſurface of territory may be acquired of a prodigious extent, and comprehending countries on which nature has beſtowed her choiceſt favours. The Fiſh river, which is about 400 miles ſouth of the Cape, divides the Chriſtian ſettlements from Caffraria. This portion of Africa is fairly open to the government of the Cape, provided the natives can be induced to conſent to the eſtabliſhment of European coloniſts. Their acquieſcence could be ſoon obtained by preſents of little value to the donor, and their allegiance ſecured by a kind and liberal treatment, which they never experienced from their Batavian maſters.

The beauties of Caffraria are equal to its fertility. In the country of the Auneniquois, Genequois, and other tribes of the Hottentot nation, a moſt luxurious ſoil is to be found, and on reaching the ſummit of their mountains, the eye frequently repoſes on ſuch a glowing ſcene of paſtoral beauties, that to faithfully delineate the whole, would require the inſpired genius of Taſſo, or the Mantuan. Theſe plains are generally frequented by a kind of antelope or gazelle; and it is not unuſual to perceive from the mountain tops, thouſands of thoſe beautiful animals, alarmed by the lion, the tyger, the hyæna, or the panther, ſcouring over the valleys to ſecure a retreat, and forming a moving ſcenery of the moſt exquiſite beauty.

It has likewiſe been remarked by ſeveral intelligent Europeans who have penetrated into the Southern continent of Africa, that in no country which has yet been diſcovered, could a greater variety of excellent wines be produced. The vineyards of Conſtantia, which are ſituated near the Cape, flouriſh in a ſteril ſoil, when compared to thoſe of Caffraria. Tobacco has been raiſed in the Dutch colonies, and the produce has been ſuch as to exceed the moſt ſanguine expectations.—The ſugar cane, although not a native of the ſoil, could not fail in the ſouthern parts of Africa; the ſoil, the climate, every thing invite the experiment. We are likewiſe informed, that not a ſpice which grows in Ceylon, or the ci-devant Dutch colonies in the Eaſt, but would flouriſh in the ſouthern part of Africa. Fruits of almoſt every denomination have been reared in theſe ſettlements.—Oranges, lemons, citrons, figs, apples, pears, apricots, peaches, &c. have been cultivated in certain diſtricts, and moſt of them with every imaginable ſucceſs. There could be no difficulty, therefore, in extending theſe productions to every part of the Southern Continent.

The advantages which may be derived from theſe poſſeſſions (as De la Croix truly obſerved) are incalculable, and for that reaſon we indulge the pleaſing expectation of their being for ever attached to the Britiſh Empire.

BY THE LAST MAILS.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, MAY 31.

A DUEL took place yeſterday morning, near the ſouthern bounary of Kentucky, between Gen. Andrew Jackſon, and Mr. Charles Dickenſon, both citizens of Davidſon county, of this ſtate, in which the latter received a ball in his arm, which paſſed through and entered his body. When the meſſenger, who brought the intelligence, left him, there were little hopes of his ſurviving the wound.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

GEORGETOWN, JUNE 14.

We have been informed that there are two French privateers cruiſing off our bar, a brig and ſchooner, which fire at and attempt to bring to every veſſel going out or coming in. The pilot twice attempted to board them, but on perceiving his intention, they immediately ſtood out to ſea. An Engliſh ſchooner that went down the river has returned. We preſume theſe veſſels have arrived ſince Gun-Boat No. 1 took her departure; for her commander aſſumed he went to ſea twice in queſt of one that he underſtood was on the coaſt, but ſaw nothing of her.

NEW-YORK.

NEW YORK JUNE 25.

It is ſtated by Capt. Turner, who arrived at the Lazaretto, Philadelphia, laſt Monday, from Kingſton, (Jam.) that a number of impreſſed American ſeamen have been diſmiſſed from Britiſh men of war, by application of Mr. Lenox, the American agent, to the Admiral at Port-Royal.

The Journal du Soir, a Paris paper of the 30th April, contains the following article in a letter from Rennes:

"Admiral Villeneuve, who commanded the French fleet at the battle off Trafalgar, and had been lately debarked at Morlaix from on board an Engliſh flag of truce, killed himſelf in the night between the 22d and 23d of April. We are entirely ignorant of the cauſe of this act of deſperation. He was found in his chamber pierced with five wounds made by a knife in his left ſide. It is ſuppoſed from the poſition in which his body lay, that after having ſtabbed himſelf he threw himſelf on his bed, leaning upon the handle of his knife, that he might thruſt it in deeper, and thereby accelerate his death."

A gentleman from London, who converſed with our Ambaſſador juſt before he left that city (May 9) informs, that Mr. Munroe ſaid, he had *reaſon to believe* the differences between Great-Britain and the United States would *be advantageouſly* ſettled.

The Engliſh papers ſay that a ſerious difference has ariſen between the Prince of Wales and Mr. Fox.

It was reported at Liverpool, (Eng.) on the 8th of May that the fitting out of American veſſels in England, for the Guinea trade was forbidden—and no Engliſh veſſels, it was ſaid, were to be allowed to ſell their ſlaves in the United States.

June 30.

Capt. Smith, arrived here on Saturday, in 13 days from St. Pierre's, Martinico, informs that Jerome Bonaparte arrived at Fort-Royal on the 6th inſtant in an 80 gun ſhip—that ſhortly after he came to anchor, a Britiſh frigate appeared off the harbour, when Jerome got under way and ſtood out to give her battle; but juſt as the ſhips were prepared for action, another Britiſh frigate hove in ſight, which induced the *gallant Jerome* to return haſtily into Fort Royal Harbour.—An embargo was then laid which continued four days. The two Britiſh frigates, remained off the harbour when Capt. Smith ſailed.

LATE AND AUTHENTIC ACCOUNTS OF MIRANDA's EXPEDITION.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 26.

To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiſer.

The enterprize of General Miranda, in my ſhip Leander, having excited conſiderable intereſt and attention in the public mind, which has for ſome time paſt been deceived by various ridiculous and unfounded rumours, I think it proper to give publicity to the following extract of a letter which I have juſt received from a gentleman of reſpectability on board the Leander, the correctneſs of which may be relied on.

Your very humble ſervant,
SAMUEL G. OGDEN.

Extract of a letter dated Grenada, May 27, 1806 *from a gentleman on board the Leander, to Samuel G. Ogden,*

"We left Jacquemel on the 27th March, arrived at the iſland of Aruba on the 9th of April, when after taking in ſufficient water, we ſailed on the 15th April, and being off the Main on the 27th near Porto-Cavello, we fell in with a Spaniſh brig of 20 guns, and a ſchooner of 16 guns, by both of which we were attacked, and had an action of half an hour, but no apparent damage done on either ſide; however, during the conteſt, we were ſo unfortunate as to loſe two ſchooners we had chartered at Jacquemel, on board of which veſſels were about 60 men. This circumſtance was occaſioned by thoſe ſchooners falling to leeward, and our not being able to ſeparate the brig from the ſchooner, in which caſe we certainly ſhould have ſaved our little convoy; however, to remedy this evil, we immediately determined to go to Trinidad, to obtain ſuch information and aſſiſtance as the Britiſh might be diſpoſed to afford us.

"On our way, we fortunately fell in with the Britiſh ſloop of war Lilly, Capt. Campbell, who received us with much cordiality, and informed us, it was his particular inſtructions *to ſerve us*, at the ſame time adviſing us to put into Grenada, as the Governor of that Iſland had ſome particular communication to make to *General Miranda*. We have already received the Governor's aſſurance of the moſt prompt co-operation. We ſhall probably take up one or two days at moſt, in making the neceſſary arrangements here, and ſhall then proceed immediately to Trinidad (in company with the Lilly ſloop of war) where we underſtand, the Governor of that Iſland will alſo give us every aſſiſtance that is neceſſary.

"The Jaſon frigate is now on the coaſt, with a number of volunteers on board; this ſhip is commanded by Capt. Cochrane, ſon of Admiral Cochrane, who we underſtand from the beſt authority has particular inſtructions to protect and forward our enterprize.

"I have now the happineſs to obſerve, that this new turn to our operations, has given much animation to all friends on board the Leander; and I ſincerely hope my next will inform you, that our glorious enterprize is fully accompliſhed."

July 1.

It appears by an advertiſement from the Treaſury Department that the navy ſix per cent ſtock is to be reimburſed on the firſt of October next, and the five and a half per cent. on the firſt of January, at which time the intereſt of theſe ſpecies of ſtock will ceaſe.

By the ſchooner Pearl Capt. Gould, from Porto Rico we learn that the French frigates Hortenſia, Hermione, Rhin and Theſeas, under the command of Capt. Somerueles from Cadiz, arrived at St. Johns, Porto Rico on the 13th of May, and ſailed again on the 18th in purſuit of General Miranda; they having been informed he was off Bonaire.

INDIAN WAR.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Detroit, to a Mercantile Houſe in Albany, of which he is a Partner, dated June 1, 1806.

"Since my arrival at this place there have ſeveral reports been made to Mr. S. Griſwold, our acting Governor, by Indian traders, from different parts of the country, of the frequent ſecret councils held by the Indians, under pretence of paſſing laws to oblige their own people to become ſober and induſtrious, by applying their time to improving lands and living after the manner of the white people; but knowing their practice of diſſimulation and treachery, we were ſuſpicious that their meetings were to concert meaſures to make an incurſion into the country—plunder the inhabitants, and retire. This occaſioned a ſenſe of danger to ſpread amongſt the people. But altho' this timely notice has been given, I fear we have been deficient in providing againſt the dangers to which, from the remote ſituation of this place, we are particularly expoſed. The vaſt extent of the frontiers, the ſcattered ſituation of the ſettlements, the nature of ſavage warfare, together with the exact knowledge the Indians poſſeſs of every part of this country make me fear the inhabitants who are not under the immediate protection of the fort, will find their reſiſtance ineffectual.

"I have deferred writing you on this ſubject before, for fear of giving an unneceſſary alarm, not being ſufficiently aſſured of the reports. We are now no longer in doubt, *that the Indians are preparing to commence war againſt the United States*, and we daily expect an attack at this place. We are well informed, that they have an unuſual quantity of proviſions and ammunition in their poſſeſſion."

"Theſe accounts are corroborated by an expreſs from Fort Wayne (on the Miami) ſent by the commanding officer, and the arrival of the brig Adams, from Michilimackinac, where the inhabitants were all under arms, and one half on guard every night."

From Barbadoes papers to the 7th June, received at Baltimore.

BRIDGE-TOWN, June 3.

Rear admiral the honorable Sir Alexander Cochrane, K. B. arrived here on Sunday night, from Antigua and Dominica, on board his majeſty's ſhip Northumberland, which has undergone a thorough repair of the damages ſhe ſuſtained in the victory off St. Domingo.

The enemy's ſchooner Imperial, Monſieur Point, enſign de vaiſſeau, engaged in the laſt deſign againſt the ſhipping at Dominica, (mentioned in our laſt) was brought in here on Sunday, by the Cygnet ſloop of war; on board of which arrived the commander of that buccaneering enterprize, whoſe name we miſtated and now find to be Hertodé, and his rank adjutant general of Guadaloupe. Moſt of the priſoners taken on the above occaſion have alſo arrived here; but we underſtand that ſome embarked on board one of the King's ſchooners, to be brought here, roſe upon the crew with an intent of taking the ſchooner but by the gallantry of her commander, the priſoners were overcome and ſecured, not however, until ſome loſs was ſuſtained on our part, and the lieutenant of the ſchooner ſeverely wounded, which obliged him to be put into Antigua.

A French brig of ſtrong force from Cayenne, according to the report of ſeveral American veſſels arrived here, is cruiſing to windward and has boarded them from 100 to 180 miles of the land. She is ſtated to mount 16 long braſs 9's and to carry 120 men. His majeſty's ſhips Erthalion and Cygnet, have both gone to ſea, in conſequence of this information, and we hope one or the other of them may be ſucceſsful in falling in with her.

There is ſome report in town of the arrival of a ſmall French ſquadron at Porto Rico, and it is added that the admiral has diſpatched the Canada and a frigate or two to look after them; but we do not know how far this is correct, if any ſuch report have been received upon authentic grounds, we are confident the vigilence of the admiral will not let them remain long unlooked after.

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mon to political writings, have long gone to the tomb of the capulets.

Upon his attempt to be called to the Bar, M.. Murphy was rejected by the Societies of the Temple and Gray's Inn, upon the plea that he had been upon the ſtage ; in Lincoln's Inn, however, to the honor of the members, this illiberal objection was not ſuffered to prevail, and Mr. Murphy was not only called to the Bar, but was long a *Bencher* of the Society. As a lawyer he did not ſignalize himſelf ; he frequented the Norfolk Circuit, but obtained little buſineſs, and yet leſs in the Courts of Weſtminſter. Upon the great queſtion of literary property, he raiſed ſome expectations by an able ſpeech as Counſel before Parliament, but his career was obſtructed by a variety of cauſes, and he ſoon quitted the Bar. Upon a renunciation of his profeſſion he was appointed a Commiſſioner of Bankrupts, and held the office till his death. Mr. Addington procured him a penſion of 200*l.* per annum, and the produce of his works contributed to the comforts of his old age.

Beſides his dramatic pieces, Murphy obtained 600*l.* from the Bookſellers for an edition of Johnſon's works, with his life ; and 400*l.* for the life of Fielding, and an edition of his works, with notes. His tranſlation of Tacitus was his greateſt production ; the ſcholars object to it as too paraphraſtic, and as wanting the cloſeneſs and ſimplicity of Gordon's tranſlation ; but it is deſervedly prized by the general reader, and is a good *trade*-book. This work was dedicated to Burke, a circumſtance very honorable to Murphy, for he was told that the dedication was deſired by a nobleman, who might have compenſated the favor in a very magnificent manner—Before his death, Murphy corrected an octavo edition of Tacitus. His laſt work was the life of Garrick, and affords ſtrong proof of a decrepid genius ; it contained little but trite relations, thread-bare criticiſms upon old plays, and reiteration of exhauſted anecdotes. It was much inferior to honeſt Tom Davies' life of Garrick, and, notwithſtanding the weight of Murphy's name, has not ſuperſeded it in the public opinion.

The general character of Murphy's genius was elegance and ſuperficiality ; the plots of his plays, except the Apprentice and Grecian Daughter, were all borrowed ; he was a moſt intrepid plagiariſt, and in ſome reſpects, a diſingenuous one. His poetry, for he was a verſe maker, was terribly mediocre ; but his proſe was poliſhed and pure. He will not remain as an Engliſh Claſſic, though his pieces are likely to keep poſſeſſion of the ſtage.—He had been a gay and free liver in the early part of his life, and had no particular meaſure of ſerioufneſs at its cloſe ; but he was eſteemed as an honeſt, good man, and will be lamented by a large circle of his acquaintance.

From the LONDON COURIER *of May* 6, 1806.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

WE cannot avoid congratulating our countrymen on the late intelligence which announced the happy tidings of theſe ſettlements being again in our poſſeſſion.—A late judicious traveller hath delivered a decided opinion reſpecting their value, and after deſcribing the Chriſtian ſettlement which run ſouthward of the Cape, as far as the Fiſh river, and the delightful country of Caffraria, which ſkirts the eaſtern coaſt for more than ſeven hundred miles, he does not heſitate to pronounce them the fineſt countries in the world, and may be rendered of more real importance to Great Britain than all her Oriental and Weſtern dominions put together. This opinion was fully ſubſtantiated when Lord Malmſbury, early in the year 1798, went to Paris as Plenipotentiary on the part of England, to negociate peace with the then government of France. When his Lordſhip came to diſcuſs that part of his miſſion which reſpected the Cape of Good Hope (then in our poſſeſſion,) he ſtrenuouſly inſiſted on this ſettlement being ceded to the crown of England. De la Croix, who acted in a ſimilar character on the part of the French Republic, as ſtrongly inſiſted on its being reſtored to the Dutch ; and in giving his reaſons for making this requiſition a cardinal point in the negotiation, diſcovered a very competent knowledge of the ſubject.—He very ſagaciouſly obſerved, that the Cape in the hands of the Dutch, could be of very little uſe except furniſhing a convenient place for ſhipping to touch at on their voyage to the Eaſt Indies ; but in the hands of the Engliſh (ſaid De la Croix) the ſouthern territory of Africa would be coloniſed, and new ſources of commerce in all probability ariſe, the advantages of which are incalculable.

He demonſtrated what the active genius of the Engliſh, moving on ſo great a ſcale, would produce, and how the preſent trade of the European nations would be injured by opening to Great Britain ſuch a new and fertile ſource for commercial adventure.

The Frenchman was certainly correct in his predictions and delineations. Formerly the people of England conſidered the Cape as an *half way houſe* to their ſettlements in the Eaſt Indies, and appreciated its value in proportion to the accommodation which was given to their ſhipping : but they ſhould underſtand, that although the Cape muſt be of conſiderable benefit to our Aſiatic commerce, as a place of refreſhment and ſupply, ſtill this advantage bears no proportion to thoſe which may be derived from the ſettlement and cultivation of the interior. If on the map a direct line be drawn from Cape Aguthas, which is the ſouthern extreme of Africa, about N. N. E. as far as 25 degrees ſouth, which takes in Delagoa Bay on the eaſt coaſt, and that part of the weſt which at preſent is but little frequented, it will be perceived that a ſurface of territory may be acquired of a prodigious extent, and comprehending countries on which nature has beſtowed her choiceſt favours. The Fiſh river, which is about 400 miles ſouth of the Cape, divides the Chriſtian ſettlements from Caffraria. This portion of Africa is fairly open to the government of the Cape, provided the natives can be induced to conſent to the eſtabliſhment of European coloniſts. Their acquieſcence could be ſoon obtained by preſents of little value to the donor, and their allegiance ſecured by a kind and liberal treatment, which they never experienced from their Batavian maſters.

The beauties of Caffraria are equal to its fertility. In the country of the Auneniquois, Genequois, and other tribes of the Hottentot nation, a moſt luxurious ſoil is to be found, and on reaching the ſummit of their mountains, the eye frequently repoſes on ſuch a glowing ſcene of paſtoral beauties, that to faithfully delineate the whole, would require the inſpired genius of Taſſo, or the Mantuan. Theſe plains are generally frequented by a kind of antelope or gazelle ; and it is not unuſual to perceive from the mountain tops, thouſands of thoſe beautiful animals, alarmed by the lion, the tyger, the hyæna, or the panther, ſcouring over the valleys to ſecure a retreat, and forming a moving ſcenery of the moſt exquiſite beauty.

It has likewiſe been remarked by ſeveral intelligent Europeans who have penetrated into the Southern continent of Africa, that in no country which has yet been diſcovered, could a greater variety of excellent wines be produced. The vineyards of Conſtantia, which are ſituated near the Cape, flouriſh in a ſteril ſoil, when compared to thoſe of Caffraria. Tobacco has been raiſed in the Dutch colonies, and the produce has been ſuch as to exceed the moſt ſanguine expectations.—The ſugar cane, although not a native of the ſoil, could not fail in the ſouthern parts of Africa ; the ſoil, the climate, every thing invite the experiment. We are likewiſe informed, that not a ſpice which grows in Ceylon, or the ci-devant Dutch colonies in the Eaſt, but would flouriſh in the ſouthern part of Africa. Fruits of almoſt every denomination have been reared in theſe ſettlements.—Oranges, lemons, citrons, figs, apples, pears, apricots, peaches, &c. have been cultivated in certain diſtricts, and moſt of them with every imaginable ſucceſs. There could be no difficulty, therefore, in extending theſe productions to every part of the Southern Continent.

The advantages which may be derived from theſe poſſeſſions (as De la Croix truly obſerved) are incalculable, and for that reaſon we indulge the pleaſing expectation of their being for ever attached to the Britiſh Empire.

BY THE LAST MAILS.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, MAY 31.

A DUEL took place yeſterday morning, near the ſouthern bounoary of Kentucky between Gen. Andrew Jackſon, and Mr. Charles Dickenſon, both citizens of Davidſon county, of this ſtate, in which the latter received a ball in his arm, which paſſed through and entered his body. When the meſſenger, who brought the intelligence, left him, there were little hopes of his ſurviving the wound.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

GEORGETOWN, JUNE 14.

We have been informed that there are two French privateers cruiſing off our bar, a brig and ſchooner, which fire at and attempt to bring to every veſſel going out or coming in. The pilot twice attempted to board them, but on perceiving his intention, they immediately ſtood out to ſea. An Engliſh ſchooner that went down the river has returned. We preſume theſe veſſels have arrived ſince Gun-Boat No. 1 took her departure ; for her commander affirmed he went to ſea twice in queſt of one that he underſtood was on the coaſt, but ſaw nothing of her.

NEW-YORK.

NEW YORK JUNE 25.

It is ſtated by Capt. Turner, who arrived at the Lazaretto, Philadelphia, laſt Monday, from Kingſton, (Jam.) that a number of impreſſed American ſeamen have been diſmiſſed from Britiſh men of war, by application of Mr. Lenox, the American agent, to the Admiral at Port-Royal.

The Journal du Soir, a Paris paper of the 30th April, contains the following article in a letter from Rennes :

" Admiral Villeneuve, who commanded the French fleet at the battle off Trafalgar, and had been lately debarked at Morlaix from on board an Engliſh flag of truce, killed himſelf in the night between the 22d and 23d of April. We are entirely ignorant of the cauſe of this act of deſperation. He was found in his chamber pierced with five wounds made by a knife in his left ſide. It is ſuppoſed from the poſition in which his body lay, that after having ſtabbed himſelf he threw himſelf on his bed, leaning upon the handle of his knife, that he might thruſt it in deeper, and thereby accelerate his death."

A gentleman from London, who converſed with our Ambaſſador juſt before he left that city (May 9) informs, that Mr. Munroe ſaid, he had *reaſon to believe* the differences between Great-Britain and the United States would *be advantageouſly* ſettled.

The Engliſh papers ſay that a ſerious difference has ariſen between the Prince of Wales and Mr. Fox.

It was reported at Liverpool, (Eng.) on the 8th of May that the fitting out of American veſſels in England, for the Guinea trade was forbidden—and no Engliſh veſſels, it was ſaid, were to be allowed to ſell their ſlaves in the United States.

June 30.

Capt. Smith, arrived here on Saturday, in 13 days from St. Pierre's, Martinico, informs that Jerome Bonaparte arrived at Fort-Royal on the 6th inſtant in an 80 gun ſhip—that ſhortly after he came to anchor, a Britiſh frigate appeared off the harbour, when Jerome got under way and ſtood out to give her battle ; but juſt as the ſhips were prepared for action, another Britiſh frigate hove in ſight, which induced the *gallant Jerome* to return haſtily into Fort Royal Harbour.—An embargo was then laid which continued four days. The two Britiſh frigates, remained off the harbour when Capt. Smith ſailed.

LATE AND AUTHENTIC ACCOUNTS OF MIRANDA's EXPEDITION.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 26.

To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiſer.

The enterprize of General Miranda, in my ſhip Leander, having excited conſiderable intereſt and attention in the public mind, which has for ſome time paſt been deceived by various ridiculous and unfounded rumours, I think it proper to give publicity to the following extract of a letter which I have juſt received from a gentleman of reſpectability on board the Leander, the correctneſs of which may be relied on.

Your very humble ſervant,
SAMUEL G. OGDEN.

Extract of a letter dated Grenada, May 27, 1806 *from a gentleman on board the Leander, to Samuel G. Ogden,*

" We left Jacquemel on the 27th March, arrived at the iſland of Aruba on the 9th of April, when after taking in ſufficient water, we ſailed on the 15th April, and being off the Main on the 27th near Porto-Cavello, we fell in with a Spaniſh brig of 20 guns, and a ſchooner of 16 guns, by both of which we were attacked, and had an action of half an hour, but no apparent damage done on either ſide ; however, during the conteſt, we were ſo unfortunate as to loſe two ſchooners we had chartered at Jacquemel, on board of which veſſels were about 60 men. This circumſtance was occaſioned by thoſe ſchooners falling to leeward, and our not being able to ſeparate the brig from the ſchooner, in which caſe we certainly ſhould have ſaved our little convoy ; however, to remedy this evil, we immediately determined to go to Trinidad, to obtain ſuch information and aſſiſtance as the Britiſh might be diſpoſed to afford us.

" On our way, we fortunately fell in with the Britiſh ſloop of war Lilly, Capt. Campbell, who received us with much cordiality, and informed us, it was his particular inſtructions *to ſerve us*, at the ſame time adviſing us to put into Grenada, as the Governor of that Iſland had ſome particular communication to make to *General Miranda*. We have already received the Governor's aſſurance of the moſt prompt co-operation. We ſhall probably take up one or two days at moſt, in making the neceſſary arrangements here, and ſhall then proceed immediately to Trinidad (in company with the Lilly ſloop of war) where we underſtand, the Governor of that Iſland will alſo give us every aſſiſtance that is neceſſary.

" The Jaſon frigate is now on the coaſt, with a number of volunteers on board ; this ſhip is commanded by Capt. Cochrane, ſon of Admiral Cochrane, who we underſtand from the beſt authority has particular inſtructions to protect and forward our enterprize.

" I have now the happineſs to obſerve, that this new turn to our operations, has given much animation to all friends on board the Leander ; and I ſincerely hope my next will inform you, that our glorious enterprize is fully accompliſhed."

July 1.

It appears by an advertiſement from the Treaſury Department that the navy ſix per cent ſtock is to be reimburſed on the firſt of October next, and the five and a half per cent. on the firſt of January, at which time the intereſt of theſe ſpecies of ſtock will ceaſe.

By the ſchooner Pearl Capt. Gould, from Porto Rico, we learn that the French frigates Hortenſia, Hermione, Rhien and Theſeas, under the command of Capt. Somergelas from Cadiz, arrived at St. Johns, Porto Rico on the 13th of May, and ſailed again on the 18th in purſuit of General Miranda ; they having been informed he was off Bonaire.

INDIAN WAR.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Detroit, to a Mercantile Houſe in Albany, of which he is a Partner, dated June 1, 1806.

" Since my arrival at this place there have ſeveral reports been made to Mr. S. Griſwold, our acting Governor, by Indian traders, from different parts of the country, of the frequent ſecret councils held by the Indians, under pretence of paſſing laws to oblige their own people to become ſober and induſtrious, by applying their time to improving lands and living after the manner of the white people ; but knowing their practice of diſſimulation and treachery, we were ſuſpicious that their meetings were to concert meaſures to make an incurſion into the country—plunder the inhabitants, and retire. This occaſioned a ſenſe of danger to ſpread amongſt the people. But altho' this timely notice has been given, I fear we have been deficient in providing againſt the dangers to which, from the remote ſituation of this place, we are particularly expoſed. The vaſt extent of the frontiers, the ſcattered ſituation of the ſettlements, the nature of ſavage warfare, together with the exact knowledge the Indians poſſeſs of every part of this country make me fear the inhabitants who are not under the immediate protection of the fort, will find their reſiſtance ineffectual.

" I have deferred writing you on this ſubject before, for fear of giving an unneceſſary alarm, not being ſufficiently aſſured of the reports. We are now no longer in doubt, *that the Indians are preparing to commence war againſt the United States*, and we daily expect an attack at this place. We are well informed, that they have an unuſual quantity of proviſions and ammunition in their poſſeſſion."

" Theſe accounts are corroborated by an expreſs from Fort Wayne (on the Miami) ſent by the commanding officer, and the arrival of the brig Adams, from Michilimackinac, where the inhabitants were all under arms, and one half on guard every night."

From Barbadoes papers to the 7th June, received at Baltimore.

BRIDGE-TOWN June 3.

Rear admiral the honorable Sir Alexander Cochrane, K. B. arrived here on Sunday night, from Antigua and Dominica, on board his majeſty's ſhip Northumberland, which has undergone a thorough repair of the damages ſhe ſuſtained in the victory off St. Domingo.

The enemy's ſchooner Imperial, Monſieur Point, enſign de vaſſeau, engaged in the laſt deſign againſt the ſhipping at Dominica, (mentioned in our laſt) was brought in here on Sunday, by the Cygnet ſloop of war ; on board of which arrived the commander of that buccaneering enterprize, whoſe name we miſtated and now find to be Hertode, and his rank adjutant general of Guadaloupe. Moſt of the priſoners taken on the above occaſion have alſo arrived here ; but we underſtand that ſome embarked on board one of the King's ſchooners, to be brought here, roſe upon the crew with an intent of taking the ſchooner but by the gallantry of her commander, the priſoners were overcome and ſecured, not however, until ſome loſs was ſuſtained on our part, and the lieutenant of the ſchooner ſeverely wounded, which obliged him to be put into Antigua.

A French brig of ſtrong force from Cayenne, according to the report of ſeveral American veſſels arrived here, is cruiſing to windward and has boarded them from 100 to 180 miles of the land. She is ſtated to mount 16 long braſs 9's and to carry 120 men. His majeſty's ſhips Erthalion and Cygnet, have both gone to ſea, in conſequence of this information, and we hope one or the other of them may be ſucceſsful in falling in with her.

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th ascent the Defiant, intending for Trinidad; but having fallen in with the Lilly, and received some information of Capt. Campbell of that ship, he proceeded to Grenada, and from thence to this Island, probably with a view of conferring with our respective commanders, in the future execution of his laudable enterprize, in which every British subject, and free government, must wish him the amplest success.

The Baccus and Bee, were two unarmed pilot-boat schooners.

The enemy seems again to threaten us with some naval exploit in these seas; or as we are more inclined to imagine, afford our brave seamen another opportunity of discomfiting his maritime plans. A French line of battle ship has appeared in our neighbourhood, and was seen by the Ethalion frigate on the fourth instant, within sight of the island. Without giving direct chase to her, she endeavoured to cut the Ethalion off the land, upon her hauling round the North Point, but unable to effect it, at six in the evening she bore up for Martinique, with all possible sail set. This vessel is supposed by our best informed naval officers, to be the Regulus, which the enemy has had for some time stationed on the coast of Africa; but from the accustomed triumphs of our navy others imagine that it may be some more fortunate ship which has escaped from the defeated squadron of Admiral Guillomey, who, with Jerome Bonaparte, may have fallen into our hands off the coast of Brazils where they were lately spoken. She was seen on Thursday last by a neutral, arrived here this morning, close in with Point Salines.

NEWPORT.

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1806.

☞ We have this day anticipated the publication of the Mercury, from an expectation that it would not be in our power, seasonably, to issue it on Saturday.—We presume, however, no apology to our subscribers is necessary.

THIS DAY, *the* THIRTIETH ANNIVERSARY of AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, will be observed in this Town with unusual pomp, and military parade.—THIS DAY, prompted, as we all are, by inclination and duty, let us review our rapid and national growth, from infancy to manhood, and in the spirit of brotherly-love, losing all party-distinctions, and party animosities, strive with each other suitably to commemorate the grand effort which emancipated Three Millions of People from foreign dominion, and hailed them free and independent.

Those who value the rich legacy left by our Fathers, and bought with their blood, will this day enjoy temperate hilarity, mixed with "the feast of reason, and the flow of soul."

The Patriot will behold, with exulting pride and manly dignity; the future greatness of his country; and from their Sires will the rising generation catch a spark of emulation, which will stimulate them to deeds of national glory.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The Committee appointed by the town, for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the Anniversary of American Independence, invite all those who are disposed to celebrate the day, to assemble at or near the State-House, at the ringing of the Bells at 9 o'clock, A. M.—Col. *JOSEPH BOSS* and Sheriff *DENNIS*, who are appointed Marshals for the day, will there form the procession, in the following order:——

Newport Guards.
3d Company of Militia.
Music and Standards.
Newport Independent Volunteers.
Newport Artillery.
(In reversed order.)
Officers of Militia.
Military Officers of the United States.
Citizens and Strangers.
Mechanic Association.
Marine Society.
Officers of the Customs.
Town-Treasurer and Town-Clerk.
Town-Council, preceded by the Town-Sergeant.
Justices of the Peace.
Judges of the Courts.
Representatives to the General Assembly.
State Senators.
Members of Congress.
General-Treasurer.
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.
Orator of the Day.
Clergy.
Committee of Arrangements.
Sheriff and Marshal.

The procession will move at half past nine o'clock, up the south side of Washington-Square, down Spring-Street through Franklin-Street, up Thames-Street, to the Second Baptist Meeting-House,—from thence, after the Oration, will form in Farewell-Street and pass down Poplar-Street, through Washington-Street, up Long-Wharf, to Washington-Square.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements
SAMUEL VERNON, *jun. Chairman.*
Newport July 4, 1806.

CONGRESSIONAL SQUALL.

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Golden Age, Justin,	Ditto
Philadelphia, Crane,	Philadelphia
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Union, Ingell,	New-York
Schooner Venus, Slade,	Boston

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on a large scale.

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Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugars
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Snuff, Soap
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Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

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HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED OIL boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White-Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting; Venetian Red; India Do.
Stone and Spruce-Yellow.
Red Lead Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease; Prussian-Blue.
Gold and Silver Leaf.
Letharge White Vitriol.
Painter's Brushes and Tools.
Scrubbing and Tar-Brushes.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright and Black Varnish.
Window-Glass and Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry properly prepared.

By sending the Dimension of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant customers may be supplied with a sufficient quantity of colours for any work at the shortest notice, with directions to use them. *April 19, 1805.*

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Vattel's Law of Nations 1 vol. 8vo.
Barlamaqui on Law 1 vol. 8vo.
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NATHANIEL DEARBORN,

BOOK-SELLER & STATIONER,
No. 77. Thames-Street, opposite Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, is continually receiving additions to his Book-Store, and as he binds all his Books, his Customers may depend on strong binding—now on Hand,

MORSE'S Gazetteer, 2 volumes.
New and improved edit. Letter Writer.
Improved edition of Perry's Dictionary, upwards of a thousand more words than any former edition.
All of Lindley Murray's very valuable books.
Church Prayer-Books, elegant and plain.
Watts's Psalms and Hymns, do. do.
Adams's Latin Grammar.
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Daboll's, Root's do.
Farmer's Almanack for 1806.
A Variety of Elegant Books for Children, with engravings.
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STATIONARY, of all kinds.

Black and gilt-edged Letter, Billet and common Paper, per ream or quire
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Quills best quality, from N0 6 to 16.
Red and black Ink in vials.
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BOOK-BINDING,

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Newport, July 3, 1806.

thence on the 1st instant, intending for Trinidad; but having fallen in with the Lilly, and received some information of Capt. Campbell of that ship, he proceeded to Grenada, and from thence to this Island, probably with a view of conferring with our respective commanders, in the future execution of his laudable enterprize, in which every British subject, and free government, must wish him the amplest success.

The Baccus and Bee, were two unarmed pilot-boat schooners.

The enemy seems again to threaten us with some naval exploit in these seas; or as we are more inclined to imagine, afford our brave seamen another opportunity of discomfiting his maritime plans. A French line of battle ship has appeared in our neighbourhood, and was seen by the Ethalion frigate on the fourth instant, within sight of the island. Without giving direct chase to her, she endeavoured to cut the Ethalion off the land, upon her hauling round the North Point, but unable to effect it, at six in the evening she bore up for Martinique, with all possible sail set. This vessel is supposed by our best informed naval officers, to be the Regulus, which the enemy has had for some time stationed on the coast of Africa; but from the accustomed triumphs of our navy others imagine that it may be some more fortunate ship which has escaped from the defeated squadron of Admiral Guillomey, who, with Jerome Bonaparte, may have fallen into our hands off the coast of Brazils where they were lately spoken. She was seen on Thursday last by a neutral, arrived here this morning, close in with Point Salines.

NEWPORT.

FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1806.

☞ We have this day anticipated the publication of the Mercury, from an expectation that it would not be in our power, seasonably, to issue it on Saturday.—We presume, however, no apology to our subscribers is necessary.

THIS DAY, *the* THIRTIETH ANNIVERSARY of AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, will be observed in this Town with unusual pomp, and military parade.—THIS DAY, prompted, as we all are, by inclination and duty, let us review our rapid and national growth, from infancy to manhood, and in the spirit of brotherly-love, losing all party-distinctions, and party animosities, strive with each other suitably to commemorate the grand effort which emancipated Three Millions of People from foreign dominion, and hailed them free and independent.

Those who value the rich legacy left by our Fathers, and bought with their blood, will this day enjoy temperate hilarity, mixed with "the feast of reason, and the flow of soul."

The Patriot will behold, with exulting pride and manly dignity; the future greatness of his country; and from their Sires will the rising generation catch a spark of emulation, which will stimulate them to deeds of national glory.

FOURTH OF JULY.

The Committee appointed by the town, for the purpose of making arrangements to celebrate the Anniversary of American Independence, invite all those who are disposed to celebrate the day, to assemble at or near the State-House, at the ringing of the Bells at 9 o'clock, A. M.—Col. *JOSEPH BOSS* and Sheriff *DENNIS*, who are appointed Marshals for the day, will there form the procession, in the following order:——

Newport Guards.
3d Company of Militia.
Music and Standards.
Newport Independent Volunteers.
Newport Artillery.
(In reversed order.)
Officers of Militia.
Military Officers of the United States.
Citizens and Strangers.
Mechanic Association.
Marine Society.
Officers of the Customs.
Town-Treasurer and Town-Clerk.
Town-Council, preceded by the Town-Sergeant.
Justices of the Peace.
Judges of the Courts.
Representatives to the General Assembly.
State Senators.
Members of Congress.
General-Treasurer.
His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.
Orator of the Day.
Clergy.
Committee of Arrangements.
Sheriff and Marshal.

The procession will move at half past nine o'clock, up the south side of Washington-Square, down Spring-Street through Franklin-Street, up Thames-street, to the Second Baptist Meeting-House,—from thence, after the Oration, will form in Farewell-Street and pass down Poplar-Street, through Washington-Street, up Long-Wharf, to Washington-Square.

By order of the Committee of Arrangements
SAMUEL VERNON, *jun. Chairman.*
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NATHANIEL DEARBORN,

BOOK-SELLER & STATIONER,
No. 77. Thames-Street, opposite Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, is continually receiving additions to his Book-Store, and as he binds all his Books, his Customers may depend on strong binding—now on Hand,

MORSE'S Gazetteer, 2 volumes-
New and improved edit. Letter Writer.
Improved edition of Perry's Dictionary, upwards of a thousand more words than any former edition.
All of Lindley Murray's very valuable books.
Church Prayer-Books, elegant and plain.
Watts's Psalms and Hymns, do. do.
Adams's Latin Grammar.
Walsh's Mercantile Arithmetic.
Daboll's, Root's do.
Farmer's Almanack for 1806.
A Variety of Elegant Books for Children, with engravings.
A great variety of SCHOOL-BOOKS, wholesale and retail, very cheap.

STATIONARY, of all kinds.

Black and gilt-edged Letter, Billet and common Paper, per ream or quire
Excellent Drawing-Paper, 8 cents sheet.
Imperial, Super-Royal, Medium and Demy Paper.
Quills best quality, from N0 6 to 16.
Red and black Ink in vials.
Ink-Powder, dozen or single.
Slates a great variety.
Lead-Pencils, Sealing-Wax, Wafers, Ink-stands, Memorandum Pocket-Books, &c. &c.

ACCOUNT-BOOKS,
of all sizes, good paper, well bound, and cheap.

BOOK-BINDING,

In all its branches done with elegance, durability and dispatch. Specimens may be seen at the Bindery, N0 77, Thames-street.
Newport, July 3, 1806.

POETRY.

[The writings of THOMAS G. FESSENDEN are too well known in New-England to require panegyric. The following beautiful stanzas are taken from his Miscellaneous Poems just published, and shew that his talents are not confined to Satire.]

THE MORNING.

BEHOLD, my fair, the ruddy morn
Anticipate the day;
What beauteous tints the sky adorn,
And gild the azure way!

The sombre mists, which gloomy night
Had gather'd in the vale,
Are borne aloft, and wing their flight
Before the rising gale.

Now chang'd to clouds of varied hue,
In airy maze they dance;
Now sweep athwart the welkin blue,
And gem the gay expanse.

The plumy tenant of the grove
Is perch'd on yonder spray,
And serenades his little love
With sweetest roundelay.

To taste the pleasures of the morn
Is bliss without alloy,
Though Fashion's drowsy vot'ries scorn
To quaff the cup of Joy.

But rise, my lovely charmer, rise
To greet the early ray,
And let my TERAMINTA's eyes
Add lustre to the day.

NEW GOODS.

SOLOMON TOWNSEND & CO.

Inform their Friends and the Public, that they have just received a handsome supply of GOODS, *among which are,*

EXCELLENT
Dutch black Cloth
Superfine English
and black do.
blue and black
Cassimeres
handsome assortment
Summer Waistcoat-
fine Linens and
Lawns
4 and 4-4 shirting
Cottons
's superfine cotton
Hose
Men's black English silk
do.
Men's lead-coloured silk
Gloves
Parasols and Lutestrings
Umbrellas
Plain and striped cotton
Cassimeres
White Jeans
Very fine white Flannels
Extra long white and coloured kid Gloves
Picnic Gloves and Mitts
Silk Sleeves
Fine 1 and 7-8 Diaper
Eight pieces ingrained floor and stair Carpeting
White, buff and pink
Barcelona Handkerchiefs
6-4 to 8-4 silk Shawls, plaid and damasked
Pink, buff, blue and white Ginghams
Silk and cotton Shambray Muslins
Lenoe, picquet, and laced Muslins
6-4 cambric Dimities
Ladies superfine white and black cotton Hose with clocks
Do. black, slate, white and flesh-coloured silk do.
Tiffany Fans
A few pieces of handsome furniture Dimity
Elegant furniture Chintz of twelve different patterns and colours
White and rich coloured chintz Fringe
White and rich Bed-Lace
Fine diaper Table-Cloths, 5-4 to 12-4
5-4 and 6-4 Diaper, suitable for Do.
Cane and Willow in sheets
White Crapes
Fine India Book-Muslins.

Newport, June 6, 1806.

THE Subscriber having been duly appointed administrator on the estate of his Father, CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN, late of Newport, in the State of Rhode-Island, merchant, deceased, and having given bond according to law, for the faithful discharge of the trust thereby reposed in him, requests all persons who are indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and all those who have any demands against it, to exhibit them to him.

CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPIN, *Adm'r.*

BENJAMIN CHURCH

Offers for SALE,

HIS HOUSE, No. 100, in Thames-street, next door south of Mr. Stephen T. Northam's, an excellent stand for business, and in good repair.—He would further inform the public, That he has on hand the first quality brown Sugar, by the hogshead or barrel; Jamaica Spirits, per do; and a few hogsheads of Surinam Molasses.—The above articles may be purchased at a reduced price, either by wholesale or retail, for cash, as the subscriber is about to leave the town, he calls on all those who have unsettled accounts with him, to call and adjust them without delay. *Newport, May 5, 1806.*

NOW Landing, at Long-Wharf; the Cargo of the Ship GEORGE WASHINGTON, from St. Petersburgh, consisting of

90 Tons clean Hemp;
45 Do. old Sable Iron. } Flat Bars.
30 Do. new Sable Do. }
15 Do. old Do. Do. 3-4, 1, and 1 1-4 inches square.
2 Do. Yellow Tallow.
2 Do. Flax.
Russia and Raven's Duck, of the first Quality,

for sale, by

SIMEON & EDWARD MARTIN.

For Cash, or unquestionable Notes *only*, at either Bank.

SALT AFLOAT.

FOR SALE, BY

EARL & ALLSTON,

THE CARGO of the Ship LEVANT, consisting of Cadiz Salt, of a superior quality.—Bloom Muscatel Raisins in boxes, and Legia Ditto in kegs.—Also a few quarter-casks of good Sherry Wine.

Newport, May 2, 1806.

ALBERT W. GARDINER,

No. 108, Thames Street,

Has just received an extensive assortment of

Staple and Fancy Goods:

AMONG WHICH ARE

AN elegant assortment of latest fashion superfine and common Calicoes
Chintzes and Copper-plates
A large assortment of India Cottons and Irish Linens
Scotch and India Book-Muslins
Pequet, Leno, and Carronade Muslins, figured and plain
Rich laced and tamboured Muslins
Japan Ditto
Checked and plain Muslins
Ladies rich and common Veils
Laced and figured Handkerchiefs
Habit Do.
Figured Cap-Patterns
Lace Trimmings
Lace Net Muslins
Laced, figured, and plain Crapes, all colours
Figured Satins and Sarcenets
Rich ground Trimmings
Silk Gloves and Mitts
Ladies Armlets
Silver, cotton, and silk Cords, Buttons, &c.
Velvet Bindings
Elegant Necklaces
Plain and ornamented Combs
Rich and common Fans
Barcelona Handkerchiefs
Silk Shawls
Lace Cambricks
Do. tamboured Muslin Do.
Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs
Common and superfine Dimity
6-4 cambrick Dimity
4-4 and 6-4 cotton Cambricks figured
Checked and hair-corded Cambricks
Black Sattins
Florence Lutestrings
An elegant assortment of cotton, silk and thread Laces
Ladies and Gentlemen's cotton and silk Hose
Silk and cotton Umbrellas
An assortment of ladies Parasols
Black and coloured Cambricks
Cotton Ginghams
Yellow and blue Nankeens
Vestings
An elegant assortment of Kid Shoes, very low.

Also, Newest-Fashion London

Dress Hats and Bonnets;

CONSISTING OF

A few elegant white Imperial Chip Hats
Few do. figured Crape Dress Bonnets
Do. English Walking Bonnets
Do. elegant Primrose Bonnets, with wreaths
Do. Gipsey Willow Bonnets
Large English Cane and Willow Hats
Willow and figured Satin French Bonnets.

An elegant Assortment of

Artificial Flowers, Wreaths, &c.

Elegant Gilt PLUMES; White silk Buffoons; Shoe Rossetts; Newest-fashioned WIGS and FRESETTS. *Newport, May 16, 1806.*

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general, That he has lately built a large and commodious Packet, called the GOLDEN AGE, (*Philip Justin* master, who has been a number of years in the Packeting business, and has given great satisfaction to all classes of people).—She is for the purpose of accommodating Families, Gentlemen and Ladies, to and from New-York, to Newport and Providence.—She is well found, every thing being new and of the best materials; and is as well-calculated for safety, as any vessel ever built in this State; her cabin and her accommodations are equal, if not superior to any Packet in America, or any part of the globe; and sails remarkably fast.

The price for a Passage from New-York to Newport and Providence, is as heretofore; and Freights as cheap as any other Packet in the Trade. She will sail from and return to *James Perry*'s Wharf. All those that are disposed to take Passage, and give Freight to said Packet, are requested to apply to the master on board, or at store NO. 3, on said Wharf.

ALSO,

The fast-sailing Packet, GENERAL GREEN, *George Perry*, master, will sail from and return to said Wharf, being in compleat order, for New-London and Norwich, Newport and Providence, as a steady Packet.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, or as above.

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THE fast-sailing and beautiful Packet MINERVA, *Ray Blisen* master, for Providence and Newport.—She will sail from and return to said Wharf, or any other place, to accommodate Passengers.

N. B. As the above Packets are to accommodate the Public, they will take Gentlemen and Ladies to almost any place whatever, either on a party of pleasure, or on business.

Storage to be had as usual, in excellent stores.

JAMES PERRY.

Newport, June 6, 1806.

ALBERT W. GARDINER,

No. 108, Thames-Street,

HAS just received an elegant assortment of Scotch and ingrain Floor CARPETING, which he will sell on low and easy terms.

Newport, May 23, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER

HAS FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of Virginia Corn.
100 barrels superfine Flour.
And 1000 new Oak Staves.

Newport, May 3, 1806.

TO BE LET,

A LOT of Land adjoining the Duck Manufactory, containing about four acres.

ALSO,

A House, situated in Bridge-Street, next west of Capt. Gilbert Chase's in good repair, and provided with an aqueduct from the fountain; being convenient for a small family.—For terms apply to

JOHN TOWNSEND.

Newport, April 11, 1806.

NEW BOOKS.

This Day Received, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, among others, the following Books, viz.

THE Works of the Hon. James Wilson, L. L. D. late one of the associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Professor of Law in the college of Philadelphia; published under the direction of Bird Wilson, Esq. 3 vols 8vo. elegantly printed, with a fine portrait of the author, by Edwin; from an original painting.
Melmoth's Cato and Laelius, 2 vols
Beloe's Herodotus, 4 vols
Murphy's Tacitus 4 vols.
Beloe's Aulus Gellius, 3 vols
Baker's new Translation of Livy's Roman History, 6 vols.
Thompson's Suetonius 1 vol 8vo
Bladdens Cæsar 1 vol 8vo
Hampton's Translation of Polybius, 4 vols 8vo
Melmoth's Cicero's Letters, 3 vols vo
Melmoth's Pliny's Letters, 2 vols. 12mo
Middleton's Life of Cicero, 3 vols 8vo
Gifford's Juvenal, 3 vols
Harrison's British Classics, 8 vols. 8vo
Leland's Demosthenes, 2 vols. royal 8vo
Patsall's Quintilian, 2 vols. 8vo
Barr's Buffon's natural history, with elegant plates, 15 vols
Mavor's Universal History, 25 vols. 12mo elegantly bound double title.
Sotherby's translation of the Georgics of Virgil, 1 vol.
Southey's Poems, 2 vols.
Mrs Opie's Poems, 1 vol. 12mo.
Robinson's Scripture Characters, 4 vols.
British Plutarch, 8 vol.
The American Gardener's Calendar; adapted to the climates and seasons of the United States; containing a complete account of all the work necessary to be done in the kitchen garden, fruit garden, orchard, vineyard, nursery, pleasure garden, flower garden, green house, hot house, and forcing frames for every month in the year; with ample directions for performing the same; also general as well as minute instructions for laying out or erecting each and every of the above departments, according to modern taste and the most approved plans; the ornamental planting of pleasure-grounds in the ancient and modern stile; the cultivation of thorn quicks and other plants suitable for live hedges, with the best method of making them, &c.—To which are annexed, extensive catalogues of the different kinds of plants, which may be cultivated either for use or ornament in the several departments, or in rural economy; divided into eighteen separate alphabetical classes, according to their habits, duration and modes of culture; with explanatory introductions, marginal marks, and their true *Linnæal* or *Botanical*, as well as English names, together with a copious *Index* to the body of the work.—By Bernard M'Mahon, Nursery, Seedsman, and Florist, 1 vol. 8vo.
Quincy's Lexicon, 1 vol.; Spectator, 8 vols 12mo
Guardian, 2 vols. 12mo; Idler, 2 vols. 12mo
Tattler, 4 vols.; Observer, 2 vol. 12mo
Lounger, 2 vols.
Goldsmith's Citizen of the World, 2 vols.
Forsyth on Fruit-Trees, 1 vol.
Hoole's Metastasio, 3 vols.
Ferguson's Astronomy, 1 vol.
Simpson's Algebra, 1 vol.
Pope's Homer, 4 vols.
Langhorne's Plutarch 8 vols.
Harrison's Encyclopedia, 4 vols
Cullen's first Lines of the Practice of Physic 2 vols.
The Charges of Jean Baptiste Massillion, Bishop of Clermont, addressed to his clergy—Also two Essays; the one on the Art of Preaching, from the French of M. Keybez—and the other on the composition of a Sermon, 1 vol. 8vo
Bibliographia Poetica; a catalogue of English Poets, of the 12th, 13th, 14th and 16th centuries; with a short account of their Works, 1 vol. 8vo
Adams' classical Biography, 1 vol 8vo
A narrative of Events that have taken place in Ireland, among the Society called Quakers; with corresponding documents, and occasional observations, 1 vol. 8vo

Also just Received, and for Sale as above.

The elegant Philadelphia edition of the Book of Common Prayer, with elegant plates.

Bogatzsky's Golden Treasury, for the Children of God.

Hobart's Companion for the Altar.

MURRAY's SPELLING-BOOK, price 23 cents for sale as above.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

Rhode-Island Union Bank

NOTICE.

A Semi-annual Dividend will be declared and paid on the 1st day of July, 1806, and on every succeeding day during Bank-hours, until completed, to the Stockholders of this Institution, standing on the Book on the 25th inst. or their legal Representatives—from which time transfers of shares cease, until the aforesaid first of July.—And on Monday the 7th of July, at 4 o'clock, P. M. a Stockholder's meeting will be held at the Bank, agreeable to the 6th article of Incorporation, for the purpose of electing Nine Directors for the year ensuing, and transacting such other business as may be laid before them.

By Order of the President & Directors,

JOHN L. BOSS, *Cashier.*

R. I Union Bank, 19th June, 1806.

JAMES D'WOLFE,

Has for SALE, at lowest prices and liberal credit, at his Stores in Bristol,

THREE Thousand excellent River Plate salted Ox Hides.
200 bales of Tallow
A quantity of *pig* and *old* Copper, and dried Beef.

ALSO

400 boxes of Havanna brown Sugars.

Bristol, June 16, 1806.

LOG BOOK PAPER,

Of the best Kind, for Sale at the Office of the Newport Mercury;—also NAUTICAL ALMANACKS. for 1806, and 1807.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

NOTICE.

AT a Meeting of the Directors of the Rhode-Island Bridge Company, on Wednesday the 11th inst. an assessment of Ten Dollars upon each share in said Bridge was laid, and ordered to be paid to the Treasurer, MOSES SEIXAS, at the Bank of Rhode-Island, on or before the 20th day of July next.

The Stockholders are further informed, that their annual meeting will be held on the last Monday in July next, at the State-House in Newport, at Ten o'clock, A. M.

B. HAZARD, *Clerk.*

Newport, June 15, 1806.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM ROBERTS,

At his Stores, No's. 47 and 48, Long-Wharf, a general assortment of GROCERIES, Wholesale and Retail, viz.

EXCELLENT Jamaica Spirits, by the Hogshead.
St. Croix, third proof, do. by do.
Best of Holland Gin, by the Pipe.
Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy.
Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga WINES, of a superior quality.
Hyson, Young-Hyson, Hyson-Skin, Souchong and Bohea TEAS.
Loaf and Brown Sugars, &c. &c.
Likewise, Wool and Flax, of an excellent quality.

ALSO,

A quantity of Paints and Ship-Chandlery, Crockery and Glass-Ware.

He will receive, by the first Packet from New-York, in addition to his present stock, a variety of Crockery and Glass Ware, and a fresh supply of Groceries, which will render his assortment complete and genuine.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

At Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, on MONDAY, the 14th day of July next, if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,

THAT very pleasantly situated FARM, in the town of Middletown, belonging to the Subscriber, about three miles distance from the State-House, which extends from the main west road to the water on the river, containing about 230 acres of good land, which lays very convenient for obtaining manure from an extensive shore belonging to the Farm—with suitable buildings, in good repair. The land is under good improvement, well fenced, and watered, has an excellent young Orchard, containing between four and five acres of the best Fruit Trees.

Conditions of Sale, will be made known by applying to

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

ISAAC GOMEZ, jun.

No. 127 Water-street, New-York,

Begs leave to inform his friends, and the public of Newport and its vicinity,

THAT he has commenced business in the Commission Line; and takes the liberty of soliciting a share of their kind patronage: They may rest assured any property placed in his hands for sale, will be attended to with promptitude; as he is determined to pay every attention possible, to the concerns of those who may please to honor him with their attention.

New-York, June 1, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT large, elegant, and convenient House, belonging to the subscriber, situated on the Parade, in Newport, near the State-House; the House is three-stories high with a flat roof, contains twelve rooms, exclusive of a kitchen in the cellar, where there is a good well of water, and rain water cistern; has a convenient yard and coach-house, and a handsome garden; a further description is unnecessary, as the person who wishes to purchase will view the premises.—For terms apply to the Subscriber, at her Farm near Fort-Adams, or of Dr. JONATHAN EASTON, in Newport.

SARAH MUMFORD.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

IF a Woman, by the name of *Esther Briggs*, and another, by the name of *Susanna Tripp*, are living, as it is supposed they are, in the town of Newport, they may be informed of something to their advantage, by applying to

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large GARDEN, highly manured, within a mile of the town.—For further information enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, June 20 1806.

WANTED,

In a small Family,

A SMART, active GIRL, of about 12 or 15 years of age, to whom good wages will be given.—None need apply unless they can be well recommended.—Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

FOR SALE,

A BRICK HOUSE, situated near the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-House, large enough for a middling Family, with the Garden Lot adjoining, and a Right in an excellent Well of Water near to the House, under which is a deep, dry Cellar.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

Newport, June 6, 1806.

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Men's superfine cotton Hose
Men's black English silk do.
Men's lead-coloured silk Gloves
Parasols and Lutestrings
Umbrellas
Plain and striped cotton Cassimeres
White Jeans
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HAS just received an elegant assortment of Scotch and ingrain Floor CARPETING, which he will sell on low and easy terms.

Newport, May 23, 1806.

CHRISTOPHER FOWLER

HAS FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of Virginia Corn.
100 barrels superfine Flour.
And 1000 new Oak Staves.

Newport, May 3, 1806.

TO BE LET,

A LOT of Land adjoining the Duck Manufactory, containing about four acres.

ALSO,

A House, situated in Bridge-Street, next west of Capt. Gilbert Chase's in good repair, and provided with an aqueduct from the fountain; being convenient for a small family.—For terms apply to

JOHN TOWNSEND.

Newport, April 11, 1806.

NEW BOOKS.

This Day Received, and for Sale, at the OFFICE OF THE NEWPORT MERCURY, among others, the following Books, viz.

THE Works of the Hon. James Wilson, L. L. D. late one of the associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and Professor of Law in the college of Philadelphia; published under the direction of Bird Wilson, Esq. 3 vols 8vo. elegantly printed, with a fine portrait of the author, by Edwin; from an original painting.
Melmoth's Cato and Lælius, 2 vols
Beloe's Herodotus, 4 vols
Murphy's Tacitus 4 vols.
Beloe's Aulus Gellius, 3 vols
Baker's new Translation of Livy's Roman History, 6 vols.
Thompson's Suetonius 1 vol 8vo
Bladdens Cæsar 1 vol. 8vo
Hampton's Translation of Polybius, 4 vols 8vo
Melmoth's Cicero's Letters, 3 vols. vo
Melmoth's Pliny's Letters, 2 vols. 12mo
Middleton's Life of Cicero, 3 vols 8vo
Gifford's Juvenal, 3 vols
Harrison's British Classics, 8 vols. 8vo
Leland's Demosthenes, 2 vols. royal 8vo
Patsall's Quintilian, 2 vols. 8vo
Barr's Buffon's natural history, with elegant plates, 15 vols
Mavor's Universal History, 25 vols. 12mo elegantly bound double title.
Sotherby's translation of the Georgics of Virgil, 1 vol.
Southey's Poems, 2 vols.
Mrs Opie's Poems, 1 vol. 12mo.
Robinson's Scripture Characters, 4 vols.
British Plutarch, 8 vol.
The American Gardener's Calendar; adapted to the climates and seasons of the United States; containing a complete account of all the work necessary to be done in the kitchen garden, fruit garden, orchard, vineyard, nursery, pleasure garden, flower garden, green house, hot house, and forcing frames for every month in the year; with ample directions for performing the same; also general as well as minute instructions for laying out or erecting each and every of the above departments, according to modern taste and the most approved plans; the ornamental planting of pleasure-grounds in the ancient and modern stile; the cultivation of thorn quicks and other plants suitable for live hedges, with the best method of making them, &c.—To which are annexed, extensive catalogues of the different kinds of plants, which may be cultivated either for use or ornament in the several departments, or in rural economy; divided into eighteen separate alphabetical classes, according to their habits, duration and modes of culture; with explanatory introductions, marginal marks, and their true *Linnæal* or *Botanical*, as well as English names, together with a copious *Index* to the body of the work.—By Bernard M'Mahon, Nursery, Seedsman, and Florist, 1 vol. 8vo.
Quincy's Lexicon, 1 vol.; Spectator, 8 vols 12mo
Guardian, 2 vols. 12mo; Idler, 2 vols. 12mo
Tattler, 4 vols.; Observer, 2 vol. 12mo
Lounger, 2 vols.
Goldsmith's Citizen of the World, 2 vols.
Forsyth on Fruit-Trees, 1 vol.
Hoole's Metastasio, 3 vols.
Ferguson's Astronomy, 1 vol.
Simpson's Algebra, 1 vol.
Pope's Homer, 4 vols.
Langhorne's Plutarch 8 vols.
Harrison's Encyclopedia, 4 vols
Cullen's first Lines of the Practice of Physic 2 vols.
The Charges of Jean Baptiste Massillion, Bishop of Clermont, addressed to his clergy—Also two Essays; the one on the Art of Preaching, from the French of M. Keybez—and the other on the composition of a Sermon, 1 vol. 8vo
Bibliographia Poetica; a catalogue of English Poets, of the 12th, 13th, 14th and 16th centuries; with a short account of their Works, 1 vol. 8vo
Adams' classical Biography, 1 vol 8vo
A narrative of Events that have taken place in Ireland, among the Society called Quakers; with corresponding documents, and occasional observations, 1 vol. 8vo

Also just Received, and for Sale as above.

The elegant Philadelphia edition of the Book of Common Prayer, with elegant plates.
Bogatzsky's Golden Treasury, for the Children of God.
Hobart's Companion for the Altar.
MURRAY's SPELLING-BOOK, price 23 cents for sale as above.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

Rhode-Island Union Bank

NOTICE.

A Semi-annual Dividend will be declared and paid on the 1st day of July, 1806, and on every succeeding day during Bank-hours, until completed, to the Stockholders of this Institution, standing on the Book on the 25th inst. or their legal Representatives—from which time transfers of shares ceases, until the aforesaid first of July.—And on Monday the 7th of July, at 4 o'clock, P. M. a Stockholder's meeting will be held at the Bank, agreeable to the 6th article of Incorporation, for the purpose of electing Nine Directors for the year ensuing, and transacting such other business as may be laid before them.

By Order of the President & Directors,

JOHN L. BOSS, *Cashier.*

R. I. Union Bank, 19th June, 1806.

JAMES D'WOLFE,

Has for SALE, at lowest prices and liberal credit, at his Stores in Bristol,

THREE Thousand excellent River Plate salted Ox Hides.
200 bales of Tallow
A quantity of *pig* and *old* Copper, and dried Beef.

ALSO

400 boxes of Havanna brown Sugars.

Bristol, June 16, 1806.

LOG BOOK PAPER,

Of the best Kind, for Sale at the Office of the Newport Mercury;—also NAUTICAL ALMANACKS. for 1806, and 1807.

Newport, June 20, 2806.

NOTICE.

AT a Meeting of the Directors of the Rhode-Island Bridge Company, on Wednesday the 11th inst. an assessment of Ten Dollars upon each share in said Bridge was laid, and ordered to be paid to the Treasurer, MOSES BRIXAS, at the Bank of Rhode-Island, on or before the 20th day of July next.

The Stockholders are further informed, that their annual meeting will be held on the last Monday in July next, at the State-House in Newport, at Ten o'clock, A. M.

B. HAZARD, *Clerk.*

Newport, June 15, 1806.

FOR SALE, BY

WILLIAM ROBERTS,

At his Stores, No's. 47 and 48, Long-Wharf, a general assortment of GROCERIES, Wholesale and Retail, viz.

EXCELLENT Jamaica Spirits, by the Hogshead.
St. Croix, third proof, do. by do.
Best of Holland Gin, by the Pipe.
Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy.
Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon and Malaga WINES, of a superior quality.
Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-Skin, Souchong and Bohea TEAS.
Loaf and Brown Sugars, &c. &c.
Likewise, Wool and Flax, of an excellent quality.

ALSO,

A quantity of Paints and Ship-Chandlery, Crockery and Glass-Ware.

He will receive, by the first Packet from New-York, in addition to his present stock, a variety of Crockery and Glass Ware, and a fresh supply of Groceries, which will render his assortment complete and genuine.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

At Mr. Townsend's Coffee-House, on MONDAY, the 14th day of July next, if not previously disposed of at Private Sale,

THAT very pleasantly situated FARM, in the town of Middletown, belonging to the Subscriber, about three miles distance from the State-House, which extends from the main west road to the water on the river, containing about 230 acres of good land, which lays very convenient for obtaining manure from an extensive shore belonging to the Farm—with suitable buildings, in good repair. The land is under good improvement, well fenced, and watered, has an excellent young Orchard, containing between four and five acres of the best Fruit Trees.

Conditions of Sale, will be made known by applying to

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

ISAAC GOMEZ, jun.

No. 127 Water-street, New-York,

Begs leave to inform his friends, and the public of Newport and its vicinity,

THAT he has commenced business in the Commission Line; and takes the liberty of soliciting a share of their kind patronage: They may rest assured any property placed in his hands for sale, will be attended to with promptitude; as he is determined to pay every attention possible, to the concerns of those who may please to honor him with their attention.

New-York, June 1, 1806.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT large, elegant, and convenient House, belonging to the subscriber, situated on the Parade, in Newport, near the State-House; the House is three-stories high with a flat roof, contains twelve rooms, exclusive of a kitchen in the cellar, where there is a good well of water, and rain water cistern; has a convenient yard and coach-house, and a handsome garden; a further description is unnecessary, as the person who wishes to purchase will view the premises.—For terms apply to the Subscriber, at her Farm near Fort-Adams, or of Dr. JONATHAN EASTON, in Newport.

SARAH MUMFORD.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

IF a Woman, by the name of *Esther Briggs*, and another, by the name of *Susanna Tripp*, are living, as it is supposed they are, in the town of Newport, they may be informed of something to their advantage, by applying to

J. BOURS.

Newport, June 20, 1806.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large GARDEN, highly manured, within a mile of the town.—For further information enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, June 20 1806.

WANTED,

In a small Family,

A SMART, active GIRL, of about 12 or 15 years of age, to whom good wages will be given.—None need apply unless they can be well recommended.—Enquire at the office of the Newport Mercury.

FOR SALE,

A BRICK HOUSE, situated near the Rev. Mr. Tenney's Meeting-House, large enough for a middling Family, with the Garden Lot adjoining, and a Right in an excellent Well of Water near to the House, under which is a deep, dry Cellar.—For terms apply to

WILLIAM ELLERY.

Newport, June 6, 1806.